Cloning of sgRNAs

This protocol recommends the usage of either plasmid pU6-(BbsI)sgRNA_CAG-Cas9-venus-bpA (Addgene ID 86986) or pU6-(BbsI)sgRNA_CAG-Cas9_EF1-TagRFP (Addgene ID 86987), encoding for sgRNA and Cas9 and a fluorescent Venus or RFP reporter, or usage of pU6-(BbsI)sgRNA_CAG-venus-bpA (Addgene ID 86985), carrying a sgRNA-cassette and a fluorescent reporter only. These vectors allow expression of the sgRNA by the human U6-promoter. This promoter requires a "G" base at the transcription start site. Hence, it is recommended using CRISPR/Cas9 target sites starting with a "G". Otherwise an additional "G" should be added at the start of the sgRNA sequence. It should be noted that wildtype Cas9 is amenable to the inclusion of an extra G but other RNA guided nucleases are not (Cas9-HF/eCas9).

3.1.1 Annealing of sgRNA oligos

The sgRNA oligos can be cloned into the above mentioned vectors by *BbsI* restriction enzyme overhangs, with N₁-N₂₀ as the selected Cas9 target sequence:

- 1. Resuspend oligos at 1 μg/μl in 1x TE-buffer.
- 2. Combine in a microcentrifuge tube
 - 1 μl oligo F (1 μg/μl)
 - 1 μl oligo R (1 μg/μl)
 - 98 µl 1x TE-buffer
- 3. Incubate 5 min at 98 °C in a heat block.
- 4. Switch off the heat block and cool down slowly to RT for 1-2 h.
- 5. Put the annealed oligos on ice or store at -20 °C.

3.1.2 Digestion of sgRNA expression vector

- 1. Set up digestion reaction as following:
 - X μI of the above mentioned vectors (5 μg)
 - 2.5 µl *BbsI* (store at -80 °C)
 - 10 µl NEB2 buffer
 - Fill up to 100 µl with nuclease free water
- 2. Incubate at 37°C for 1 h.
- 3. Inactivate the restriction enzyme for 20 min at 65 °C.
- 4. Load the digested vector on a 0.9% agarose gel and extract the linearized vector

using a DNA gel extraction kit. Expected fragment sizes are: pU6-(BbsI)sgRNA_CAG-Cas9-venus-bpA - 10.1 kb; pU6-(BbsI)sgRNA_CAG-Cas9-bpA_EF1-RFP - 11.6 kb; pU6-(BbsI)sgRNA_CAG-venus-bpA - 6.0 kb.

3.1.3 Ligation of sgRNA oligos

- 1. Set up ligation in a microcentrifuge tube
 - X µl linearized vectors (100 ng)
 - 1.5 µl annealed oligos
 - 1.5 μl fresh ligase buffer
 - 1 µl T4 DNA Ligase
 - Fill up to 15 μl with nuclease free water and incubate O/N at 16 °C.

3.1.4 Transformation

- 1. Thaw chemically competent *E. coli* on ice slowly.
- 2. Pipet the transformation reaction on ice
 - 50 μl chemically competent DH5 alpha E. coli
 - 5 µl of the ligation mix.
- 3. Incubate 30 min on ice.
- 4. Perform the heat shock in a water bath at 42 °C for 90 sec.
- 5. Incubate 3 min on ice.
- 6. Add 1 ml LB medium w/o antibiotics and incubate 30 min at 37°C at 200 rpm.
- 7. Plate the transformation on LB-Agar plates 50 μg/ml carbenicillin or ampicillin and incubate O/N at 37°C.

The next day pick up to five colonies and inoculate 5 mL LB medium containing 50 µg/ml carbenicillin or ampenicillin. Incubate O/N at 37 °C at 200 rpm. Perform plasmid mini preparations and subject for Sanger sequencing to verify the correct sequence using primer hU6-For: GAGGGCCTATTTCCCATG.